Inverter AC input conductors, distributed from AC input panel via breakers and separate sets of conductors to each Radian.

FM80 DC- and DC+ outputs are routed (1) to FP's for GFDI and OCPD breakers, then routed to DCBS (2). If a DC Panelboard is used (Page 3) only DC- needs to be routed to FP3's for the GFDI's.

Notes:
A) A single FP3's DC cabinet has breaker space for 4 charge controllers. If more space is needed, the AC cabinet can also be used, where running a combination of AC and DC wiring is not a code violation.
B) Bypass switch
  B1) Each pole rated for 30A x QTY of inverters connected to that phase.
  B2) Requires 3 poles for 230V/400V systems.
C) FNDC limited to measuring 1000A

Document description:
This drawing set is a guide for wiring for up to nine FXR inverter/chargers configured for three phase (WYE) applications. PV charge controller wiring is also shown on its own sheet. Always check with AHJ for specific installation requirements.
Notes:
1) This is example system consists of, 3 battery banks, 3 Flexpower (FP) inverter systems, 4 charge controllers.
2) OCPD must be utilized to protect all conductors.
Notes:
1) The intent of this drawing is to show how DC circuits can be combined using DC rated panelboards. PV conductors, equipment ground and bonding and other elements are omitted for drawing clarity.
2) Indicated breaker sizes are a minimum. Due to voltage drop larger wires and consequently breakers may be required.
3) For drawing clarity only some of the GFDI wiring is shown. The same principle applies for FP3 #2.
Notes:
* If preferred, 3-pole breakers can be used for each FP3.
** For input panels, breakers distribute source power to inverters. For output panels, breakers consolidate inverter outputs into a single output.
*** Wire colors and OCPD shown for 230/400V service per IEC.
**** Since neutral is not switched, it passes through input to loads, regardless of bypass switch position.
Notes:
* FW-DC and FW-AC panels have equal dimensions. For drawing clarity the AC panel is shown larger than the DC panel.
** PV wiring is shown on sheet 5
*** Wire colors and OCPD shown are for 230/400 V per IEC
**** Equipment ground conductors omitted for drawing clarity
1) For document clarity, wiring for only 8 charge controllers shown.
2) Use PNL-GFDI-80 to add a single extra FM80.
3) Use PNL-GFDI-80D to add two extra GFDI's.
4) Use PNL-GFDI-80Q to add three charge controllers, leaving one of the four poles unused.

Wiring for DC breakers for inverters shown on sheet 4.

Shunts
- Bus Bar
- Battery Bus Bar
- Inverter Bus Bar
- Charge Controller Bus Bar

PV combiner boxes

FM80  FM80  FM80  FM80  FM80  FM80  FM80  FM80
Example system 1:
9 FXR's
20 FM80s
3 battery banks

Example system 2:
3 FXR's
6 FM80s
1 FNDC
3 battery banks

Notes:
A) Master inverter must be in port 1 of Hub.
B) RTS must be installed in port 1 device.
C) No more than six FXR's can be used with an FNDC.
D) If a HUB has only charge controllers connected to it and does not include a MATE3, each controller needs its own RTS.